From Livelihood Programming Objectives to Indicators

Source: IFRC-Livelihoods Resource Centre within the framework of the ERC-ECHO program

DKOI-1: Survival and Livelihood Protection Threshold.
Change or improvement of household ability to meet survival and livelihood protection thresholds.
It includes households’ capacity to respond to their immediate needs, to restore their livelihoods and to change the use of negative coping strategies.

DKOI-2: Ownership and Access to Productive Assets.
Change in number of productive assets owned or accessed by target population (households, communities, productive associations).
It includes the capacity to protect or replace productive assets after a shock, increase the number and/or the improvement or access to improved assets. Considers the equitable access to productive assets.

DKOI-3: Productivity Enhancement.
Increase of productivity (primary production, income generation activities, etc.), considering that it means the relationship between production and resources/time dedicated to obtain them.
It includes the increase of production, the reduction of resources and/or the reduction of production losses.

DKOI-4: Increase and/or Diversification of Incomes
Increase and/or diversification of household’s income in a sustainable way.
It includes all kind of interventions that promote and strengthen formal or informal employment creation (considering both employment and self-employment), promote the income generation sources diversification, and stabilize and strengthen existing sources of incomes to increase the net incomes.

DKOI-5: Gain and Application of Livelihood Activities Knowledge
Improvement of livelihood activities knowledge and application of these livelihood new practices/knowledge/techniques;
It includes both aspects GAIN OF KNOWLEDGE and APPLICATION of this new knowledge for all kind of livelihood activities (primary production, transformation, etc.)

DKOI-6: Access to Livelihood Support Services and Markets
Increase the households/communities/productive associations’ capacity to access to markets and/or other livelihood support services (formal or informal).
It includes access to markets, extension workers training and services, veterinary services, legal advisor services or all kind of formal/informal financial services (e.g. credit, insurances).

DKOI-7: Disaster Risk Reduction and Natural Resources Management
Protection and strengthening of household/community livelihoods through Disaster Risk Reduction, Climate Change Adaptation and Natural Resources Management practices.
It includes all kind of activities aimed to strengthen, adapt and protect households/community livelihoods and/or their productive assets/capitals (such as natural or physical capital) against natural hazards and damaging production practices.

DKOI-8: Livelihood Rights, Policies and Regulations Improvement
Strengthen enabling environment for improving livelihood development.
It includes all levels of advocacy interventions (community, local and national level) to allow equal rights, access and opportunities in livelihoods; as well as interventions aimed to reinforce local and national structures and processes to allow the improvement of livelihood development and protection.